U.S.A.T. "BRIG. O.M. H. G. ZALINIAT"
Office of the Master
Seattle Port of Emissionism
Seattle A, Washington

7 October 1946

SUBJECT: Lose of U.S.A.T. "ZALIEBEC" on the might of 29 September 1945 in Grenvill Channel, R. C.

TO: Superintendent, Nater Division, Seattle Fort of Embarkation, 1519 South Alaskan Nay, Scattle 4, Mashington.

- 1. At 1458 hours on 25 September 1946 this wassal left Fise 36 for Ranger, Wash, to lead assumition for Whittler, Alaska, At 1750 hours on 26 September leading operations were completed after taking approximately 85 tens, and the vessal left for her destination via Fort Angeles. Upon arriving at Fort Angeles that night at 2330 hours, the pilot was dropped and the vessal proceeded morth thru the inside passage.
- 2. The vessel was loaded to mearly her full especity which included a deck load about eight feet high, consisting of lumber, twenty-one trucks and two security boxes of assumation by No. 4 hatch. Danmach as weather reports received prior to satisfug indicated unfavorable weather off the count, it was considered more feasible to use the Inside passage.
- 3. On 27 September little difficulty was encountered newligating the vessel in spite of poor visibility. At 1826 hours the ship passed through Sepsour Marrows making the passage on a high slack mater. On the trip up to Chathes Point entering Johnston Straits at nightfall visibility was fuir and the sky overcast with occasional rain squalls. The wish was from the Southeast at twenty-five to thirty miles per hour.
- A. On 28 September daylight found the ship passing Pine Island, we had been experiencing continued rain equalls and a southeasterly wind at about thirty siles. In the externeon the vessel passed thre lines passage and continued on thre Hillsen Seamd. Continued poor visibility was an countered due to rain aqualls. At 1245 hours the vessel passed that Elling light entering Channel up to Separation Head. At this point the wishility became very poor and it was messenary to also to half spood, from here we proceeded with caution using the ship's whintle for an oche. We passed the Green Light west of Shara Island, also the White Light North of Shara Island proceeding northward. At about 2300, the wishility improved and we picked up Red Cliff light and sighted Work Island. The time at Work Island was 2350, and insamed as the visibility was better the understand laft the bridge and went to bed, having been up since C430 hours. At the time of leaving the bridge the pilot was instructed to awaken as if the weather get worse. At

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that time the angine was turning over at half speed, the filet Mr. Therwick was in charge and Mr. Graham the Third Officer was also on watch. There was a Lockout ported on the Fictacle had, the man on that position after midnight was John Euros. At 230 hours on 29 September I areles to hear the angine ross telegraph ring "full shead". After Locking out the porthole and seeing the visibility was good, I returned to bed again.

- 5. At about 0358 hours on 29 Saytember the vessel struck the port nide beach quite violently. I imadiately ran up on the bridge and upon seeding that the ship was laying up against the beach port wide to, I had the bilges sounded and anneavered to determine the extent of the desage. It was seen evident that the vessel was claiming sleafly, so the crow was cridered to ewing out the life boats, the shanken ship order was given at about 0A15 hours. The life boats were lowered in the water without a wishap and the crew were safe in them. At the time the boats pulled away, the ship was laying with a clight port link down at the head about four or five fost. The vessel was backing from the port head of the channel with the affoot of the wind, which was from the port quarter. The weather may then very rainy and extremely poor wishility with a strong Southeasterly wind blowing thirty-five to forty wiles per hour. The Cannery Tender "SALLI S" (which had been stending by since the time of the anoident) picked up the crew free both life boats and had thes all abourd at about 0,30 hours.
- 6. With the idea of determining definitely if the ship had must completely or whether any portion of her was visible the "SALK S" rescaled near the scene of the wreck until daylight, shen it was possible to see clearly at daylight the only remaining evidence of the ship appeared to be a large box which was used as a dog house, and had bown located between the vehicles on top of No. 3 batch. There was also a life raft on the beach and a life ring floated by in the mature and considerable oil was noted on the surface. Insumuch as there was nothing visible from the ship itself it was concluded that ahe made in about fifty fathers of water.
- 7. At about 0730 hours, the "SALLY S" proceeded on har may with the ship's crew aboard, it having been decided to stop in at Butedale and leave all the personnel at the Camadian Fisheries Cannery Dock to small further transportation to Saattle. It should be stated at this time that the crew behaved in a quiet and orderly manner and performed their duties quickly at the time of the accident and immediately after.
- 8. The vessel's lifeboats, which were in good condition, were left in care of the Superintendent, Sudala Fish Cannary, D. C.

JUSSIA N. JARDES C

Mester V.S.A.T. "ERIG.GEN.N.G. ZALIMERI"